



WA06Y

±5%, ±1% Convex Type

General purpose chip resistors array

Size 0603x2

*Contents in this sheet are subject to change without prior notice.



FEATURE

- 1. Small size and light weight
- 2. Reduced size of final equipment
- 3. Lower surface mounted assembly costs
- 4. Higher component and equipment reliability
- 5. RoHS compliant and Lead free products

APPLICATION

- Consumer electrical equipment
- EDP, Computer application
- Telecom

DESCRIPTION

The resistors array is constructed in a high grade ceramic body (aluminum oxide). Internal metal electrodes are added at each end and connected by a resistive paste that is applied to the top surface of the substrate. The composition of the paste is adjusted to give the approximate resistance required and the value is trimmed to within tolerance by laser cutting of this resistive layer.

The resistive layer is covered with a protective coat. Finally, the two external end terminations are added. For ease of soldering the outer layer of these end terminations is a Tin (Pb free) solder alloy.

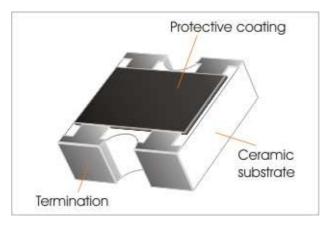


Fig 1. Consctruction of a Chip-R array WA06Y

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Item	General Specification
Series No.	WA06Y
Size	0603x2 (1608x2)
Termination construction	Convex type
Resistance Tolerance	±5% , ±1% (E24 series)
Resistance Range	$1\Omega \sim 1M\Omega$, Jumper (0Ω)
TCR (ppm/°C)	
≥10Ω	$\leq \pm 200 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$
<10Ω	-300~+500 ppm/°C
Max. dissipation at T _{amb} =70°C	1/10W
Rated current of jumper	1A
Max. Operation Voltage (DC or RMS)	50V
Max. overload voltage	100V
Climatic category (IEC 60068)	55/155/56

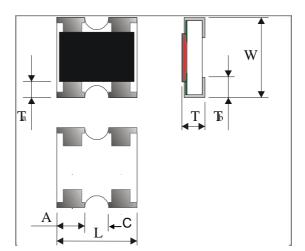
Note :

- 1. This is the maximum voltage that may be continuously supplied to the resistor element, see "IEC publication 60115-8"
- 2. Max. Operation Voltage : So called RCWV (Rated Continuous Working Voltage) is determined by

 $RCWV = \sqrt{Rated Power \times Resistance Value}$ or Max. RCWV listed above, whichever is lower.

	WA06Y	
L	1.60 ± 0.10	
W	1.50 ± 0.10	
т	0.50 ± 0.10	
Α	0.60 ± 0.10	
Та	0.30 ± 0.15	
Tb	0.30 ± 0.15	
С	0.40 ± 0.10	

DIMENSIONS(unit : mm)



MARKING

3-digits marking

Each resistor is marked with a three digits code on the protective coating to designate the nominal resistance value. For values up to 9.1 the R is used as a decimal point. For values of 10.0 or greater the first 2 digits apply to the resistance value and third indicate the number of zeros to follow.

Example

RESISTANCE	4.7Ω	10Ω	100Ω	6800Ω	47000Ω
3-digits marking	4R7	100	101	682	473

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Product characterization

Standard values of nominal resistance are taken from the E24 series for resistors with a tolerance of \pm 5%, The values of the E24 series are in accordance with "IEC publication 60063"

Derating

The power that the resistor can dissipate depends on the operating temperature; see Fig.2

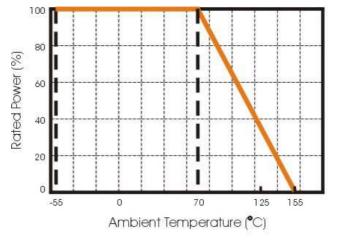
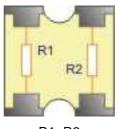


Figure 2. Maximum dissipation in percentage of rated power As a function of the ambient temperature

CONSTRUCTION



R1=R2



MOUNTING

Due to their rectangular shapes and small tolerances, Surface Mountable Resistors are suitable for handling by automatic placement systems.

Chip placement can be on ceramic substrates and printed-circuit boards (PCBs).

Electrical connection to the circuit is by individual soldering condition.

The end terminations guarantee a reliable contact.

SOLDERING CONDITION

The robust construction of chip resistors allows them to be completely immersed in a solder bath of 260°C for 10 seconds. Therefore, it is possible to mount Surface Mount Resistors on one side of a PCB and other discrete components on the reverse (mixed PCBs).

Surface Mount Resistors are tested for solderability at 235°C during 2 seconds. The test condition for no leaching is 260°C for 30 seconds. Typical examples of soldering processes that provide reliable joints without any damage are given in Fig 3.

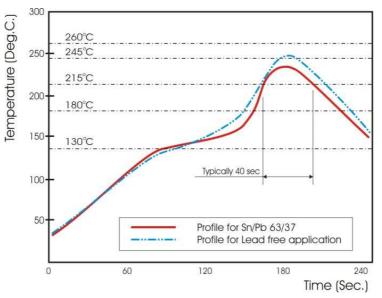


Fig 3. Infrared soldering profile for Chip Resistors array

TEST AND REQUIREMENTS(JIS C 5201-1: 1998)

Essentially all tests are carried out according to the schedule of IEC publication 115-8, category LCT/UCT/56(rated temperature range : Lower Category Temperature, Upper Category Temperature; damp heat, long term, 56 days). The testing also meets the requirements specified by EIA, EIAJ and JIS.

The tests are carried out in accordance with IEC publication 68, "Recommended basic climatic and mechanical robustness testing procedure for electronic components" and under standard atmospheric conditions according to IEC 60068-1, subclause 5.3. Unless otherwise specified, the following value supplied :

Temperature: 15°C to 35°C. Relative humidity: 45% to 75%. Air pressure: 86kPa to 106 kPa (860 mbar to 1060 mbar).

All soldering tests are performed with midly activated flux.

Approval sheet



TEST	PROCEDURE	REQUIREMENT		
TEST	PROCEDURE	Resistor	Jumper	
DC resistance Clause 4.5	DC resistance values measured at the test voltages specified below :	Within the specified tolerance	< 50mΩ	
	<10Ω@0.1V, <100Ω@0.3V, <1KΩ@1.0V,			
	<10KΩ@3V, <100KΩ@10V, <1MΩ@25V, <10MΩ@30V			
Temperature Coefficient of	Natural resistance change per change in degree centigrade.	Refer to "QUICK REFERENCE DATA"	N/a	
Resistance(T.C.R)	$R_2 - R_1$, 10^6 (
Clause 4.8	$\frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1(t_2 - t_1)} \times 10^6 \text{ (ppm/°C)} t_1 : 20^{\circ} \text{C} + 5^{\circ} \text{C} - 1^{\circ} \text{C}$			
	R ₁ : Resistance at reference temperature			
	R ₂ : Resistance at test temperature			
Short time overload (S.T.O.L) Clause 4.13	Permanent resistance change after a 5second application of a voltage 2.5 times RCWV or the maximum overload voltage specified in the above list, whichever is less.	ΔR/R max. ±(2%+0.10Ω)	< 50mΩ	
Resistance to		no visible damage	no visible	
soldering heat(R.S.H)	10±1second in a SAC solder bath at $260^{\circ}C\pm5^{\circ}C$	Δ R/R max. ±(1.0%+0.05 Ω)	damage, < 50mΩ	
Clause 4.18				
Solderability Clause 4.17	Un-mounted chips completely immersed for 2±0.5second in a SAC solder bath at $235^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$	good tinning (>95% covered) no visible damage		
Temperature cycling	30 minutes at -55°C±3°C, 2~3 minutes at 20℃+5℃-	no visible damage	no visible	
Clause 4.19	1°C, 30 minutes at +155 °C \pm 3°C, 2~3 minutes at	ΔR/R max. ±(1%+0.05Ω)	damage,	
	20°C+5°C-1°C, total 5 continuous cycles		< 50mΩ	
	1000 +48/-0 hours, loaded with RCWV or Vmax in chamber controller $70\pm2\circ$ C, 1.5 hours on and 0.5	10Ω~1MΩ ±(3%+0.1Ω)	< 50mΩ	
	hours off	<10Ω ±(5%+0.1Ω)		
	1000 +48/-0 hours, loaded with RCWV or Vmax in	10Ω~1MΩ ±(3%+0.1Ω)	< 50mΩ	
Clause 4.24	humidity chamber controller at 40°C±2°C and 90~95% relative humidity, 1.5hours on and 0.5 hours off	<10Ω ±(5%+0.1Ω)		
Adhesion Clause 4.32	Pressurizing force: 5N, Test time: 10±1sec.	No remarkable damage or rem terminations	oval of the	
Insulation Resistance	Apply the maximum overload voltage (DC) for	R≧10GΩ		
Clause 4.6	1minute			
Dielectric Withstand	Apply the maximum overload voltage (AC) for 1	No breakdown or flashover		
Voltage	minute			
Clause 4.7				

TEST CONDITION FOR JUMPER (0 $\Omega)$

Item	WA06Y
Power Rating At 70°C	1/10W
Resistance	MAX.50mΩ
Rated Current	1A
Peak Current	ЗА
Operating Temperature	-55~155°C

CATALOGUE NUMBERS

The resistors have a catalogue number starting with .

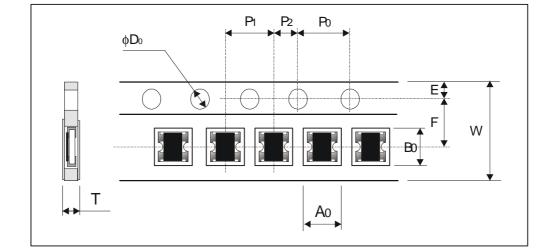
WA06	Y	472_	J	т	L
Size code	Type code	Resistance code	Tolerance	Packaging code	Termination code
WA06 : 0603 per element	Y : x2, convex	5% E24 : 2 significant digits followed by no. of zeros and a blank $4.7\Omega = 4R7$ $10\Omega = 100$ $220\Omega = 221$ Jumper = 000 ("_" means a blank) 1%, E24+E96: 3 significant digits followed by no. of zeros $100\Omega = 1000$ $37.4K\Omega = 3742$		T : 7" Reel taping B : Bulk	L = Sn base (lead free)

1. Reeled tape packaging : 8mm width paper taping 5000pcs per reel.

2. Bulk packaging : 5000pcs per polybag

PACKAGING

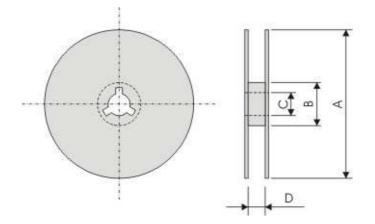
Paper Tape specifications (unit :mm)



Symbol	А	В	W	F	E
dimension	1.80±0.10	1.80±0.10	8.00±0.30	3.50±0.10	1.75±0.10

Symbol	P1	P0	ΦD	Т
dimension	4.00±0.10	4.00±0.10	Φ 1.50 ^{+0.1} _{-0.0}	Max. 1.0

Reel dimensions



Symbol	А	В	С	D
(unit : mm)	Φ178.0±2.0	Φ60.0±1.0	13.0±0.2	9.0±0.5